

# Massive Sequence Analysis of Forensic STR Loci using Next Generation Sequencing and Its Application to Mixture Analysis

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## Current STR typing in forensic genetics

- Limited **the total of number** and **allelic size** of STRs according to available fluorescence dyes
- Can not identify **sequence variation** in STRs due to size based separation
- Difficulty in digital genotyping of **mixed samples**



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## Outline


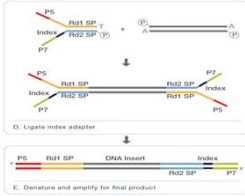

### To analyze forensic STR data using next generation sequencing

- ✓ Construction of **in-house multiplex PCR system** for STR NGS analysis
- ✓ To validate the multiplex system, NGS data generated from two singles, mixtures with various ratio.
- ✓ Analysis of **sequence variation** in STR regions in 10 Koreans.



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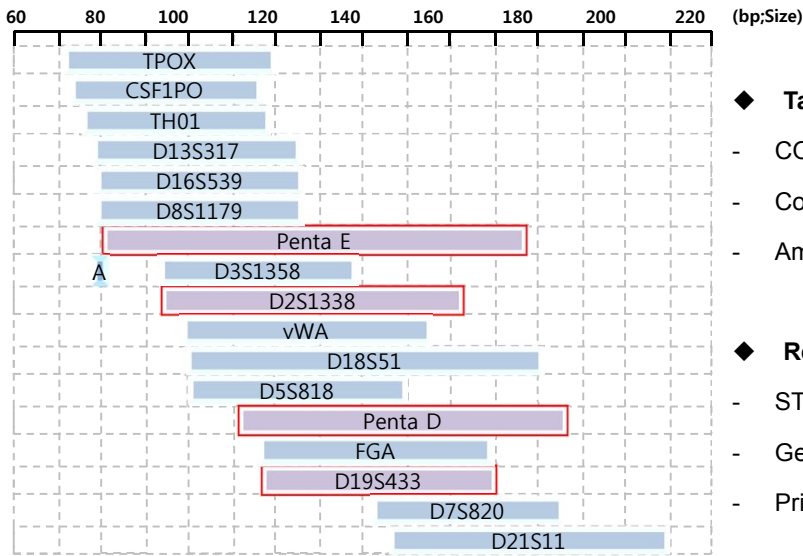
## Experimental procedures

Step 1. PCR amplification	Step 2. Validate Amplicon	Step 3. Library preparation	Step 4. Validate Library	Step 5. Sequencing
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Template DNA</b> ; 2800M, 9947A 1:1, 1:3, 1:6, 1:9 mixture (Male:Female) 10 Koreans</li> <li>• After PCR, primer digestion Using Exo-SAP IT.</li> <li>• Column purification using QIAquick column kit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Fluorometer</b> ; Quant-iT™ PicoGreen dsDNA assays (invitrogen)</li> <li>• <b>Agilent BioAnalyzer</b></li> </ul> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>TruSeq Nano DNA LT Sample preparation Kit</b></li> </ul>  <p>* Adjustment of beads ratio for size selection</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Fluorometer</b> ; Quant-iT™ PicoGreen dsDNA assays (invitrogen)</li> <li>• <b>Agilent BioAnalyzer</b></li> <li>• <b>Library Quantification</b> ; Kapa Library Quantification Kit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Cluster gen and sequencing on MiSeq</b> ; 2 x 250 bp (Paired-end)</li> </ul> 



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# The in-house developed multiplex PCR system



◆ **Target markers (TOTAL 18 markers)**

- CODIS STR 13 loci in **blue boxes**
- Commonly used commercial kits in **red boxes**
- Amelogenin

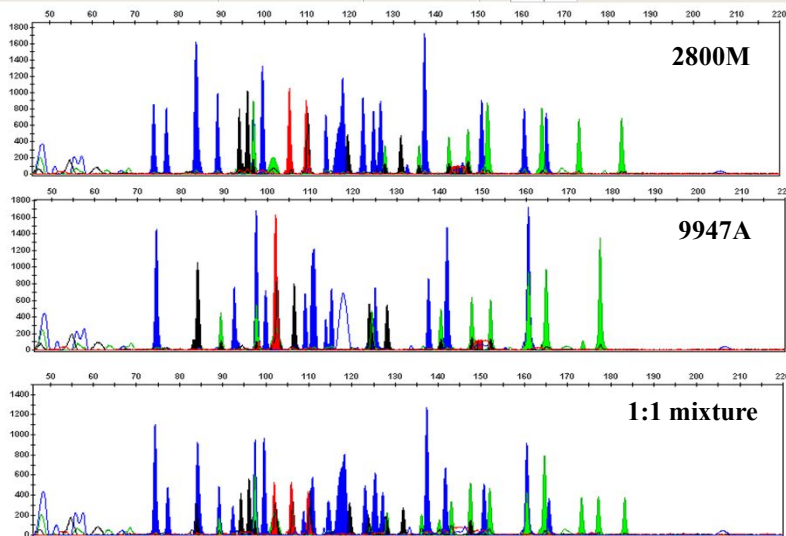
◆ **Resources**

- STRBase (<http://www.cstl.nist.gov/div831/strbase/>)
- GenBank ([www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genbank/](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genbank/))
- Primer 3 v.0.4.0 (<http://frodo.wi.mit.edu/primer3/>)



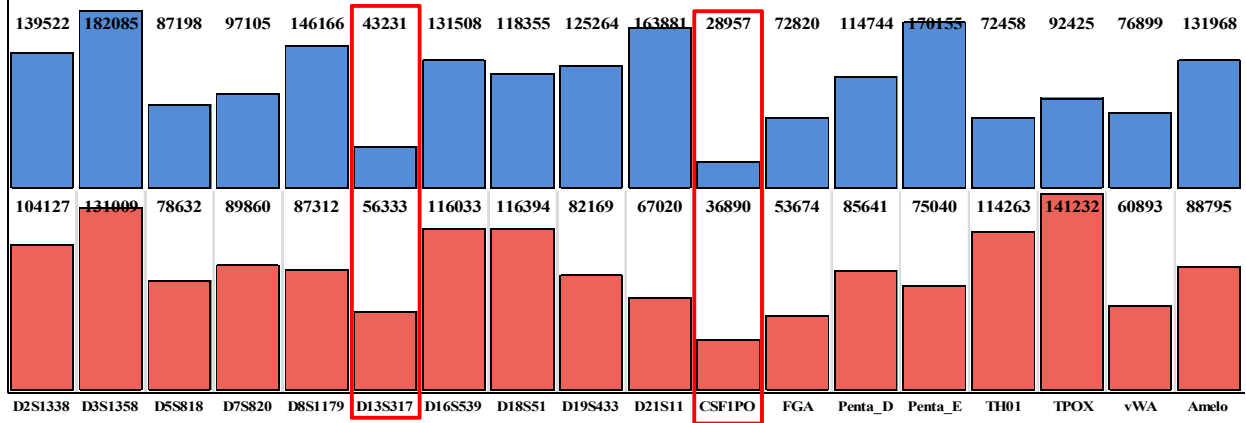
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# Test in-house multiplex PCR system on CE



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# NGS data from MiSeq



Improvement of coverage through the adjustment of primer concentration

Bowtie2 program (Langmead *et al.* Nat Methods; 2012)



# Results of STR genotyping in single-sources

STRs	2800M		9947A	
	CE	NGS	CE	NGS
D2S1338	22, 25	22, 25	19, 23	19, 23
D3S1358	17, 18	17, 18	14, 15	14, 15
D5S818	12	12	11	11
D7S820	8, 11	8, 11	10, 11	10, 11
D8S1179	14, 15	14, 15	13	13
D13S317	9, 11	9, 11	11	11
D16S539	9, 13	9, 13	11, 12	11, 12
D18S51	16, 18	16, 18	15, 19	15, 19
D19S433	13, 14	13, 14	14, 15	14, 15
D21S11	29, 31.2	29, 31.2	30	30
CSF1PO	12	12	10, 12	10, 12
FGA	20, 23	20, 23	23, 24	23, 24
Penta_D	12, 13	12, 13	12	12
Penta_E	7, 14	7, 14	12, 13	12, 13
TH01	6, 9.3	6, 9.3	8, 9.3	8, 9.3
TPOX	11	11	8	8
vWA	16, 19	16, 19	17, 18	17, 18
AMEL	X, Y	X, Y	X	X

STRait Razor program (Warshauer *et al.* FSIG; 2013)



# Results of STR genotyping in mixtures on MiSeq

STRs	MiSeq STR data			
	1:1	1:3	1:6	1:9
D2S1338	19, 22, 23, 25	19, 22, 23, 25	19, 22, 23, 25	19, 22, 23, 25
D3S1358	14, 15, 17, 18	14, 15, 17, 18	14, 15, 17, 18	14, 15, 17, 18
D5S818	11, 12	11, 12	11, 12	11, 12
D7S820	8, 10, 11	8, 10, 11	8, 10, 11	8, 10, 11
D8S1179	13, 14, 15	13, 14, 15	13, 14, 15	(12), 13, 14, 15
D13S317	9, 11	9, 11	9, 11	9, 11
D16S539	9, 11, 12, 13	9, 11, 12, 13	9, 11, 12, 13	9, (10), 11, 12, 13
D18S51	15, 16, 18, 19	15, 16, 18, 19	15, (16), 18, 19	(14), 15, 16, 18, 19
D19S433	13, 14, 15	13, 14, 15	13, 14, 15	13, 14, 15
D21S11	29, 30, 31.2	29, 30, 31.2	29, 30, 31.2	29, 30, 31.2
CSF1PO	10, 12	10, 12	10, 12	10, 12
FGA	20, 23, 24	20, 23, 24	20, 23, 24	20, 23, 24
Penta_D	12, 13	12, 13	12, 13	12, 13
Penta_E	7, 12, 13, 14	7, 12, 13, 14	7, 12, 13, 14	7, 12, 13, 14
TH01	6, 8, 9.3	6, 8, 9.3	6, 8, 9.3	6, 8, 9.3
TPOX	8, 11	8, 11	8, 11	8, 11
vWA	16, 17, 18, 19	16, 17, 18, 19	16, 17, 18, 19	16, 17, 18, 19

Blue color in parentheses - true allele less than coverage value of 10%

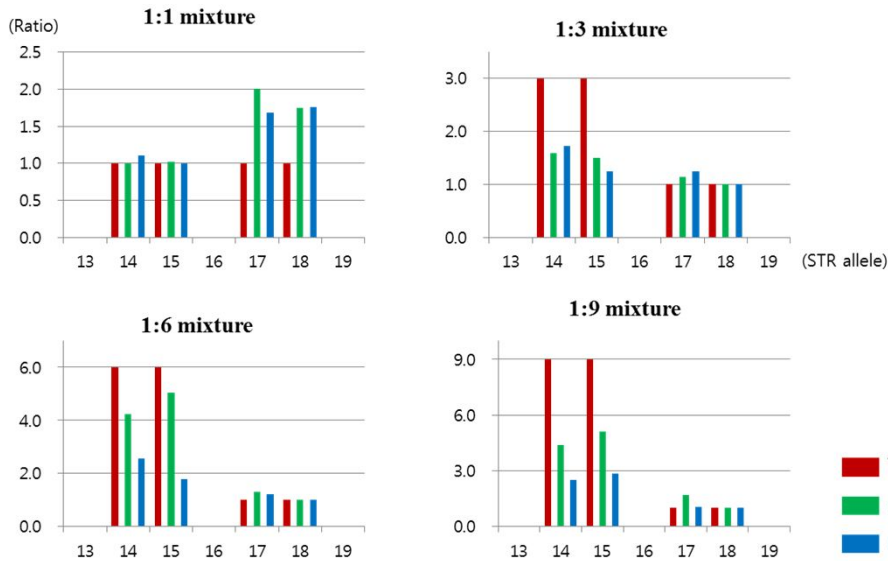
Red color in parentheses - stutter of true allele with coverage value between 5% and 10%



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## Evaluation of mixture ratio

Example)  
D3S1358



\* Not correlated exactly with actual mixture ratio



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# Results of STR genotyping in 10 Koreans

STRs	Conformity of STR genotypes between CE based method and NGS analysis									
	Korean 01	Korean 02	Korean 03	Korean 04	Korean 05	Korean 06	Korean 07	Korean 08	Korean 09	Korean 10
D2S1338	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D3S1358	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D5S818	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D7S820	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D8S1179	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D13S317	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D16S539	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D18S51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D19S433	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D21S11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CSF1PO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FGA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Penta D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Penta E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TH01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TPOX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
vWA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Amelogenin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Matched



## Determination of repeat structures in target STR regions

Example)	STR loci	Allele	Repeat structure
		<b>Ref_23</b>	<b>[TGCC]<sub>7</sub> [TTCC]<sub>13</sub> GTCC [TTCC]<sub>2</sub></b>
		17	[TGCC] <sub>6</sub> [TTCC] <sub>11</sub>
		18a	[TGCC] <sub>6</sub> [TTCC] <sub>12</sub>
		18b	[TGCC] <sub>7</sub> [TTCC] <sub>11</sub>
		19a	[TGCC] <sub>6</sub> [TTCC] <sub>13</sub>
		19b	[TGCC] <sub>7</sub> [TTCC] <sub>12</sub>
	D2S1338	20a	[TGCC] <sub>7</sub> [TTCC] <sub>2</sub> TTTC [TTCC] <sub>10</sub>
		20b	[TGCC] <sub>7</sub> [TTCC] <sub>13</sub>
		21a	[TGCC] <sub>7</sub> [TTCC] <sub>2</sub> TTTC [TTCC] <sub>11</sub>
		21b	[TGCC] <sub>7</sub> [TTCC] <sub>14</sub>
		22	[TGCC] <sub>7</sub> [TTCC] <sub>12</sub> GTCC [TTCC] <sub>2</sub>
		23	[TGCC] <sub>7</sub> [TTCC] <sub>13</sub> GTCC [TTCC] <sub>2</sub>
		24a	[TGCC] <sub>5</sub> [TTCC] <sub>16</sub> GTCC [TTCC] <sub>2</sub>
		24b	[TGCC] <sub>6</sub> [TTCC] <sub>15</sub> GTCC [TTCC] <sub>2</sub>
		25	[TGCC] <sub>7</sub> [TTCC] <sub>15</sub> GTCC [TTCC] <sub>2</sub>



## Determination of sequence variations in target STR regions

STR loci	Two Standard DNAs	10 Koreans	Separation of alleles CE/NGS
D2S1338	G>T (rs9678338)	G>T (rs62182233) G>T (rs6736805) G>T (rs9678338) <b>non-identified SNP</b>	9/14
D3S1358	A>G (rs77577482) A>G (rs71325067)	A>G (rs77577482) A>G (rs71325067)	4/6
D8S1179	G>A (rs13265375) A>G (rs111782616)	G>A (rs13265375) A>G (rs111782616)	5/9
D21S11	G>A (rs13049099) G>A (rs200026324) A>G (rs13050496)	G>A (rs13049099) G>A (rs200026324) A>G (rs13050496)	5/9
vWA	G>A (rs216871) A>G (rs112652289)	G>A (rs216871)	(5/5)

SNP info from NCBI – dbSNP Build 138



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## Summary

- ◆ We constructed a in-house multiplex PCR system that is optimized for NGS analysis of 18 forensic markers.
- ◆ STR genotyping results obtained from NGS analysis were consistent with those from CE-based analyses both for single-source samples and mixed samples.
- ◆ Sequence variations which can help differentiation of alleles from different sources were also detected in some STR loci of two standard DNA and 10 Koreans.



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## Further study

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- ❖ Incorporation of extended STRs to support compatibility with recent CE based methods
- ❖ Fine adjustment of in-house multiplex PCR system for balancing coverage in inter-markers
- ❖ Validation study and application to casework samples



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**Thank you for your attention !**